

Your business gets sued. Your house doesn't.

Work top to bottom and you'll have a real legal entity by the end of the week. Every box is something you do once — most take less than half an hour.

4

CORE STEPS

~2 hrs

HANDS-ON TIME

\$50+

STATE FILING FEE

1

OWNER IS ENOUGH

01 The four formation steps

☐ 01 Pick and clear your name

15 MIN

Search your Secretary of State's business registry for availability, then add the required "LLC" suffix.

- ☐ Registry search done ☐ Domain / social handle free ☐ Name reserved (optional)

☐ OPTIONAL Name a registered agent

10 MIN

An in-state address that receives legal mail. It can simply be you — or a service for roughly \$50/year.

- ☐ Agent chosen ☐ Street address in your state ☐ Consent on file

☐ 02 File the paperwork

60 MIN

File the Articles of Organization that create the entity (\$50–\$500), then write the operating agreement covering ownership, decisions, and profit splits.

- ☐ Articles filed + fee paid ☐ Stamped copy saved ☐ Operating agreement signed

☐ 03 Get your EIN

10 MIN

Free from the IRS website and issued instantly. Required for a business bank account and payroll.

- ☐ EIN issued ☐ Confirmation letter saved

☐ 04 Open a business bank account

45 MIN

Separate money in, separate money out, from day one — it keeps the liability wall hard to knock down.

- ☐ Account opened ☐ Cards + payments moved over

02 Keeping the liability wall standing

Do this, every month

- ✓ Run every dollar through the business account
- ✓ Sign contracts in the company's legal name
- ✓ Pay yourself as an owner draw, on a schedule
- ✓ Keep receipts and invoices in one place
- ✓ File the annual report before its deadline

Never do this

- ✗ Pay personal bills from business funds
- ✗ Sign agreements in your own name
- ✗ Skip the operating agreement with partners
- ✗ Let the state registration lapse
- ✗ Guarantee business debt personally without thinking

Why it matters: mixing personal and business money is the fastest way for a court to “pierce the veil” — treating you and the company as one, and putting your personal assets back on the table.

03 Your details — fill this in as you go

LEGAL ENTITY NAME

STATE OF FORMATION

FORMATION DATE

STATE FILE NUMBER

REGISTERED AGENT

AGENT ADDRESS

EIN

BUSINESS BANK / ACCOUNT OPENED

ANNUAL REPORT DUE DATE

ACCOUNTANT / BOOKKEEPER

04 Two questions worth answering early

Do I need a licence too?

An LLC is not a permit. Check city, county, and industry licensing separately.

Should I elect S-corp?

Only once profit is steady. Pass-through is the sensible default in year one.